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Mobile Phone: +62.81.331.660.100 Creative Integrated Marketing Communication Strategy for the Indonesian Cigarette Brands Abstract Nowadays the companies around the world are facing the tight competition both from the local rivals and the global ones. As the consequences, the customers are bombed with so many marketing campaigns from producers; starting from the simple advertisements to the extraordinary events. Each brand attempts to occupy its position on customer's mind and differentiate its brand from others. The creative Integrated Marketing Communication (IMC) is becoming the solution to achieve those goals among the cluttered and saturated marketing campaign. The cigarette brands deal not only with the hard competition within the industry but also with so many issues for instance the health issue, government regulation, non governmental organization boycott, and etc. The aim of this paper is to investigate the implementation of creative IMC strategy for cigarette brands in Indonesia. Several IMC cases are revealed to identify the challenges when implementing the creative IMC strategy as well as the success factors of the strategy itself. The conclusion for succeed in implementing creative IMC strategy is that the company should focus on five strategy approaches; they are community building strategy, unique advertising theme strategy, sport sponsorship strategy corporate social responsibility strategy, and Moslem community approach strategy. Keywords: Integrated Marketing Communication Strategy, Cigarette Brand Indonesia. Introduction Cigarette is one of the controversial products in Indonesia. It is like a coin that has two sides; on one side, the cigarette product threatens the health of the society both for the smoker and the passive smoker. But on another side, the cigarette industry gives huge contribution to the development of the economy. From the health issue point of view, there are several concerning data that showed the harmful effects of cigarette toward the health of the society as follow: based on the data from Yayasan Lembaga Konsumen Indonesia (YLKI) or the Indonesian Consumer Protection Institution revealed that 1.172 people died everyday because of cigarette consumption. In addition, Indonesia occupies 3rd rank among the other countries in term of cigarette yearly consumption after China and India. (WHO report, 2008) Based on the research, the poor income segment is the highest smoker in Indonesia. This condition is even worse that 70% of 19 million poor income segment that received monthly direct cash benefit from the Government spent 50% of the cash benefit to buy the cigarette products (YLKI, 2009) In contrast from the economics' point of view, the cigarette industry is ranked at number one of industry that absorbs large numbers of the unskilled and uneducated labors which help the Government to reduce the unemployment. In addition, according to Tosari Wijaya as the Head of Food, Beverage and Tobacco Labor Association, it is estimated 24 million people which is around 10% of the total population in Indonesia lean on their life on the cigarette industry. (Suara Merdeka, 2005). Next, the cigarette industry also occupies the first rank of the industries that pay the highest tax amount compared to other industries in Indonesia. The estimated total tax amount paid by the cigarette industry in 2009 is expected increase 7% from 2008 that is around Rp 49 Trillions or equal to US\$ 49 Billion (Detik Finance, 2008). The contribution of cigarette industry on the economy development as well as its harmful effects on the society's health becomes never ending debates and conflicts among the related parties such as the Government, the Non Governmental Organization, the academician, marketing practitioners, cigarettes labor union, etc. The phenomenon of the Indonesian cigarette industry brings challenges and opportunity at the same moment. The challenges for the cigarettes brand from the Government are about the issued regulations starting from the production to the marketing matters. Some examples of the regulation such as: the establishment of very high tax rate for cigarette products, the increasing rate of cigarette tax gradually each year, limitation for smoker space at public places, limitation for marketing communication campaign. Another challenge also comes from the Non Governmental Organization (NGO) starting from the simple warning about the danger of cigarette into the

formal prosecution regarding some violations against the regulations which made by the cigarettes companies. Since the majority of the people in Indonesia are Moslem then the Moslem's NGOs have so many powers to spread their influences to the society. Muhamadiyah and Majelis Ulama Indonesia are the largest Moslem NGOs that issued "fatwa" that forbid the Moslem people to smoke due to the danger of the effects caused on health issues. Fatwa is religious opinion regarding the Islamic law issued by the Moslem scholars or institutions where it binds the member to obey and to follow the instructions. The movements against the cigarettes consumption are also conducted by the academicians and non Moslem NGO through the classes, seminars and others formal activities to educate the society about the danger of cigarette consumption. YLKI as the institution that fight against the violations of consumer rights always monitoring the activities done by the cigarettes industry in term of the operation and the marketing one. While, the Komisi Nasional Perlindungan Anak (The National Commission for Children Protection) proposed to the Government regarding the total banned for the cigarette promotion activities. The challenges for the cigarettes brands are coming not only from the Government and the society in this case the NGOs but also from the competition within the industry itself. According to Directorate General of Custom and Excise, Indonesia has the greatest number of cigarettes companies in the world. There are approximately 3.800 cigarettes companies that produce many brands into the market. Each brand has its own marketing strategy to attract the potential customers to consume their products. This situation is getting worse with the expansion of global cigarettes brand into Indonesian market. Examples of global cigarettes brands expansion is the full acquisition of Sampoerna by Philips Morris and the part acquisition of Bentoel by British American Tobacco. Both Sampoerna and Bentoel are the largest of cigarettes companies in Indonesia. Despite so many challenges faced by the cigarette companies but still this industry exist and even grow from 2006 to 2008. There are some market opportunities for the cigarettes brands not just only to survive from the tight competition but also to gain more profits. Another opportunity is the dilemma position of the Government whether to support the cigarette industry in order to boost the economy or to fight against in order to keep the health of the society. The evidences of this situation are as follow; the Government revised the regulation about the content limitation of nicotine and tar within a cigarette product, the Government didn't signed and ratified the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control where 147 countries already signed the framework worldwide. From the market point of view, there is substantial market available for cigarette brands where 65 million Indonesian are the active smoker with the total 114 consumer for cigarettes product. This number is equal to 1 smoker in every 4 Indonesian people with the total population around 250 million people (WHO Report, 2008). In addition, the labor cost for cigarette industry is cheaper than other industry. This condition is reflecting the wide opportunity for cigarette industry. Considering the challenges and the opportunities faced by the cigarette industry, the next assignments to do is creating the creative integrated marketing communication strategy to combat the challenges and to cultivate the opportunities to sustain this future industry. Literature Review Considering the market challenges and opportunities for cigarette brands then the cigarette brands must overcome the challenges and optimize the opportunities. As been explained before that there are large numbers of cigarette companies that produces many brands to the market both from local, national, and global brands. In order to stand out of the crowd of the saturated competition then one of the strategies that can be used is by developing the effective and efficient IMC to communicate the cigarette brand. According to Grewal and Levy (2010), Integrated Marketing Communication represents the promotion variable within the marketing mix strategy. This variable is consisting six methods;

they are advertising, personal selling, public relations, direct marketing, sales promotion, electronic media and

community building. The combination of those components provides clarity, consistency, and powerful communication impacts to the potential target markets. The advertising according to

the American Marketing Association entails **the placement of announcements and persuasive message in time or space purchased in any of the mass media by business firms, nonprofit organizations, government agencies, and individuals who seek to inform and or to persuade members of a particular target market or audience about their products, service, organization, or ideas.**

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The channels of media that can be used for advertising execution, for instance the television, radio, internet, magazines, newspapers, etc. Each of channels has its own advantages and disadvantages; therefore the marketing should select and combine the channels by adjusting to the characteristic of the target audiences or potential segments.

Personal selling is the two way flow of communication between a buyer and a seller that is designed to influence the buyer purchase decision.

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There **are**

some task handled by salesperson; they are order getting, order taking, supporting promotion activities and performing customer service (Perreault et al, 2010).

Personal selling can take places in various settings for instance face to face

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selling, exhibition selling, telemarketing, video conferences, etc. While the method of public relations refer to the

building good relations with the company's various publics by obtaining favorable publicity, building up a good corporate image, and handling or heading off unfavorable rumors, stories, and events. Several tools for **public**

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relation strategy as follow;

press relations, product publicity, public affairs, lobbying, investor

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relations and development (Kotler

and Armstrong, 2004). Next method

is direct marketing which **consists of direct connections with carefully targeted individual consumers to both obtain and immediate response and cultivate lasting customer**

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relationship. (Kotler and Armstrong, 2004). Direct marketing toolkits contain

variety of marketing communication initiatives, including telephone, mail, program length television commercial, catalogs, and internet based initiatives such as

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email and e-commerce (Grewal and Levy, 2010). Sales promotion is refers to the method of promotion that stimulate interest, trial, or purchase by final customer or others in the channels. This method is generally used to complement the other promotion ones (Perreault et al, 2010). Electronic media and community building are the promotion method to communicate with the customers through corporate website, corporate blogs, social marketing, and online games. This method is effective since the development of technology nowadays is increasing fast from time to time. There are there elements that the marketer should take into account when setting the IMC strategy; they are the customer focused, the communication channel, and the expected result. The customer focused examines how customer receives

communications, whether via media or other methods, as well as how the delivery of that communication affects a message's form and contents. While **the** communication channel **examines the various channels that make up the components of the IMC and how each is used in an overall IMC strategy.** Finally **the** expected result examines **how the level of complexity in IMC strategies leads marketers to design new ways to measure the result of IMC campaigns.** Methodology **The**

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qualitative research approach has been done for this research by using the type of exploratory research. According to Kuncoro (2003, p 72-75), exploratory research is the type of research with purposes to develop the knowledge or new hypotheses, and to give the direction or guidance for further research. The main purpose of this research type is to identify the research situation to collect the information which is needed for further research. There are three techniques which have been done to collect the data, firstly is the direct observation, secondly is the direct interview, and thirdly is the direct field documentation. The direct interview and observation have been done to the stakeholders of the cigarette companies for instance the Government officials, the target customers, the Non Government Organization members, and the

religious leaders. The main purpose of these data collection activities is to collect the responses especially the opinions of the stakeholders towards the integrated marketing campaign activities which have been done by the leading cigarette companies. The direct interview will focus more on the opinions of the stakeholders while the direct observation will focus more on the behaviors of the stakeholders. Next the field documentation has been done by studying and analyzing the secondary data from public resources such as the Government and Non Government Reports and the news from several media for instance the internet, newspaper, etc. The main purpose of this data collection activity is to collect as much as possible data related to the leading cigarette brands' business activities.

Findings The findings of this research shown the implementation of the creative integrated marketing communication strategy for cigarette brands in Indonesia through five main strategy; they are the community building strategy, the advertising theme strategy, the sport sponsorship strategy, the corporate social responsibility strategy, and the Moslem community approach strategy.

The Implementation of Creative IMC Strategy for Cigarette Brands The implementation of IMC strategy for cigarette brands in Indonesia is quite unique compared to other countries. Many challenges faced by cigarette brands as explained in the brief description of the phenomenon of cigarette industry in Indonesia and the market challenges and opportunities for cigarette brands. . One of the specific challenges related to the marketing communication campaigns faced by the cigarette brands when communicating their product through advertisement (ads) is the Government Regulation number 38 in 2000, verse 17 stated the limitation of cigarette television commercials broadcasting from 09.30 pm to 05.00 am. While the verse 18 stated 5 critical points for cigarette advertisements in Indonesia. Firstly, the cigarette ads are prohibited to persuade or to stimulate people to smoke. Secondly, the cigarette ads are prohibited to show the benefit of smoking related to the health issues. Thirdly, the cigarette ads are prohibited to show people who is smoking. The fourthly, the cigarette ads are prohibited to show both the cigarette product and packaging. Finally, the cigarette ads must enclosed the Government warning related to the danger of smoking for health. Considering the challenges, the cigarette brands in Indonesia developed the creative IMC strategy to survive and to sustain their business. The entire methods of IMC are used and combined to fight against the challenges softly instead of frontally. There are several main examples of the implementation of the creative IMC strategy for cigarette brands in Indonesia. In this paper, five strategies will be revealed; they are community building strategy, advertising theme strategy, sport sponsorship strategy, corporate social responsibility, and Moslem community approach strategy. Several cigarette brands are presented as the examples to support the explanation of each strategy.

The Community Building Strategy One successful example in community building strategy is the brand of Djarum Black. The focus of IMC is on building the community around young generations as it potential target segments namely Djarum Black Community. This community consists of the owner of black car or black motorcycle at the first time of the foundation. They had several activities together for instance touring program to visit some big cities in Indonesia, sharing knowledge and experiences between the members, music concert event, automotive competition, and any others activities related to the lifestyle of young generations. The company involved the customer to set the community in almost every city in Indonesia where each community has its own independent committee and activities. As time goes on this community is not limited only for the black car and motorcycle community, also not only for the Djarum Black customers but it reached various types of customer segments among the Indonesian society and not surprisingly that even the non smokers joined this community. This community is moving from the group of customers to the social community within the society. The brand of Djarum Black got free advertisement because the member of the community put the brand name and logo of Djarum on their vehicles and other belongings. To support the events, heavy advertisements starting from brochures to television commercial are launched to create the awareness. In addition, the Djarum Innovation Award is launched to give the award to the young intellectual and talented generation who creates the innovative

product to increase the society welfare. This even is conducted yearly and it is not only just stopped to the award given program but also created the social media community where the young generation can share innovative ideas, get the latest innovation information, etc. The Advertising Themes Strategy Since the limitations made by the Government regarding the content of the advertisements for cigarette products then the cigarettes industry must be creative to cultivate the potentials idea to deliver the message without showing the product along with its packaging as well as the smoking person, not persuading the audience and the requirement to show the harmful effects of cigarette to the health. The successful example is done by the brand of Sampoerna A-Mild that accommodates the social issues within the Indonesian society as the main theme in every single of its advertisements for instance the complicated bureaucracy, the corruption, the commercialization of education, the senior and junior power distance, etc. On one side, this strategy is controversial but on the other side; this is truly a breakthrough of thinking within the society where the advertisements communicate the social issues which mostly negative explicitly by inserting humor sense as the advertising execution strategy. It is like teasing the society to take action in order to change the customs and even the cultures which is commonly faced within the daily life. In addition, the company involved not only the customers but also the public to vote and to express their opinions and thoughts through the website whether they agree or disagree with some statements made on the advertisements. Many positive supports flow from public to the advertising theme. This strategy creates positive image of cigarette's company that fight for social issues for the society welfare instead of being the enemy of the society. The Sport Sponsorship Strategy Considering that the cigarette product is identified to the danger of health therefore most of cigarette brands in Indonesia conducted sports sponsorship strategy where the company spent lot of cash to support the various kinds of sport starting from the small local sports event to the international sport events. This strategy is used to blur out the danger identification of cigarette products for health and to show the contribution of the cigarette company towards the health development of the society through sponsoring the sport activities. There are two main favorite sports for the Indonesian; they are the soccer and badminton sports. Most of Indonesian can play either the soccer or the badminton. While recently basketball is becoming favorite sports among young generation. Realizing this phenomenon, the cigarette companies focus their sponsorship on those favorite sports. PT Djarum Indonesia Tbk as one of the largest cigarette companies supported those three sports; the brand of Djarum Super is focus on sponsoring the badminton and soccer sport while the brand of LA is focus on sponsoring the basketball sport. One example of the sport sponsorship strategies on the badminton sport is that Djarum build PB Djarum in several cities in Indonesia that produced so many talented national badminton players who won several international badminton events. In addition, Djarum even build the partnership with Persatuan Bulutangkis Seluruh Indonesia (PBSI) or the National Indonesian Badminton Association as one of Government departments under the Ministry of Youth and Sport that managed the badminton sport activity and development. Djarum allocated its budget to support the national badminton teams when joining several international events including the accommodation, transportation, bonus for the player, and all related costs to the events. Besides, Djarum also sponsored the local, national and international badminton events as well as building Masyarakat Bulutangkis Indonesia (MBI) or the Indonesian Badminton Society that is basically the forum to discuss and to share ideas and information related to the badminton development and activities. The result evidence of Djarum contribution to the development of badminton sport is that Indonesia is well known with its top international rank of badminton players. The

done by cigarette industries as well as other industries did. PT Gudang Garam Tbk as one of the largest cigarette companies is actively involved implementing this strategy. The example of the contribution of this company to the welfare of the society is by creating wide working opportunities to the local society where the manufacturer is located. The company is located on Kediri, East Java Province, it employs 37.000 workers and 60% of the workers are the local people who live in Kediri (Kediri Jaya, 2010). Although the company adopted the technology to increase the quality of the product but it still maintained the workers to support the development of local area. In addition, 70.21% of local economics' activities are triggered by Gudang Garam activities for instance the existence of traditional market that supplies the need of the employees, the daily transportation for the employees, and tax payment (Tempo, 2010). On the development of education; Gudang Garam also provides the scholarship for talented students who had the financial limitation. This is a regular program which covers the education from bachelor to the doctoral degree. In addition, Gudang Garam develops the public advertisement that fight for the education issue such as the poor school facilities and access. Besides that the company is actively involved in charity programs that donate its funds to help the victim of natural disasters in several areas in Indonesia. By implementing this CSR strategy, Gudang Garam builds the good corporate image that reserve its profit to develop the society welfare.

Moslem Community Approach Strategy

The final creative strategy of IMC done by the cigarette brands is the approach to the Moslem communities. Several considerations behind this strategy are as follows: firstly, the majority of the people in Indonesia are Moslem, this number is equal to 86% from the total of population (BPS, 2008); secondly, the leaders have dominant influences towards the Moslem communities; thirdly, despite the "Fatwa" that announces cigarette as the prohibited product which is issued by some Moslem organizations and leaders, actually there are two side of Moslem that agree and disagree with it. Realizing this condition, then the all cigarette brands in Indonesia build good relation with Moslem communities by sponsoring religious events, building the Mosques, donating to pesantren and madrasah (Moslem schools), etc. This strategy plays critical roles to the future of cigarette brands; by approaching the Moslem community then the cigarettes brands could influence the decision of Moslem leaders to support the existence of the industry.

Discussion

The topic of this paper is quite controversial not only in Indonesia as the object of the study but also in the rest of the world. Despite its controversy, the cigarette industries grew from time to time especially in the third world countries or in the developing countries. There are so many factors contributed to the development of the cigarette industries in the developing countries. The contributions of the cigarette industries to the development of economy for instance the taxes, the opening of new job opportunities, and the multibillions investment are the real examples that the Government could not deny. Indonesia as one of the emerging countries in South East Asia which occupy the 18th position on top world GDP (IMF Reports, 2010) is becoming the potential market for the cigarette industries. Several factors that contribute to the attractiveness of the Indonesian market in the perspective of cigarettes industries are as follow: firstly is the 60% out of 250 million people of the total population (BPS, 2010) is cigarette smoker that represent the huge size of the market. Secondly, the contribution of cigarette tax to support the national budget makes the cigarettes companies are able to intervening the Government policies related to the cigarette industries. Thirdly is the low health awareness of the Indonesian society towards the danger of the cigarette products. Even though Indonesia is a potential market for cigarette industries but it does not mean there are no challenges that have to be faced by the industries. The movement of anti cigarette consumption from the Non Government Organization, intellectual community, and religious organizations who put the pressure on the Government to stop or to limit the production of cigarette through many regulations and policy; and who develop the knowledge and understanding of the society toward the dangers of the cigarette products are become the main challenges. Therefore the Indonesian leading cigarette brands are attempting to gain the sympathy and the credits from the entire stakeholders by implementing the creative integrated marketing communication campaigns

through five main strategies that have been explained in the findings section. Considering the situation and the condition that has been discussed before, the topic of cigarette brands will keep being the controversial issues in Indonesia that the future of the industries is depend on the bargaining power among three main parties who has its own roles and interest towards the issues; they are the Government, the cigarette industries, and the society. Conclusion There are several conclusions that can be drawn from this paper; firstly, the challenges can be turned into the opportunities when the company dares to face and adapts with them. Referring to the Chinese characters, the word crisis has two contrasts meaning, one side means danger or thread and on the other side means opportunity. Likewise the cigarette brands in Indonesia, although they face the “crisis” caused by the Government regulations, the nongovernmental organization boycotts, and the tight competition both from the local and international players; but still they can see the opportunities among the challenges to develop and to sustain their markets. Secondly, in order to change the bad image of the product then the solution is not to avoid the source of the problem but to interact directly with it. In the case of the cigarette brands in Indonesia; the health issues are the critical point in destructing the image of cigarette products. The danger effects of cigarette product are true and are proven medically therefore the cigarette brands admitting these facts and obeying the regulation to put the Government warning as the product labeling. The cigarette brands counter the health issue with the health issue as well by using the sport sponsorship strategy that fully committed to support and to build up the sport activities and programs and showing their actual contribution to the development of health for both for the nation and the society as well. Thirdly, the focus of creative IMC strategies is not to attack the “enemies” but to educate as well as to build a good communication and relation with them. In the case of cigarette brands in Indonesia; the “enemies” are the NGOs that “attacking” and “boycotting” the cigarette brands activities and programs. The cigarette brands implementing community building strategy to build the social community within the society. Through this community, the brands facilitate the community members to share ideas, opinions, and experiences in daily life activities. In addition, the cigarette brands also fight for social issues through their advertisements’ themes strategy. Beside that the corporate social responsibility strategy and Moslem community approach strategy strengthen the image of cigarette brands as part of the society member that not only concern but also act to develop the society welfare. The goal of those strategies is to build the image that cigarette brands are not the “enemy” of the society but as the partners to fight for the society welfare.

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Implications for Business Marketing Practice This paper explained about how the cigarette brands in Indonesia could communicate their brands in the integrative and the creative way to attract the target audience as well as obeying the Government regulations and adapting with the local culture. In addition this paper also provides the brief description regarding the market situation and condition especially for cigarette

market. Therefore by reading this paper, the foreign marketing practitioners who are currently working in Indonesia and who are going to work in Indonesia especially for those who are interest in the marketing communication industry could learn about:

- The market situation and condition for cigarette product The competition for cigarette market is so tight because the competition comes not only from the national and local brands but also from the international brands that are competing to cultivate the potential market since Indonesia occupies 3rd rank among the other countries in term of cigarette yearly consumption after China and India.
- The culture and the behavior of Indonesian consumer The culture and behavior of the Indonesian consumer is strongly influenced by the Moslem religion as the majority therefore it is important to understand the values of the Moslem religion and the influence power of the Moslem leaders in order to avoid the conflict when creating the marketing campaign programs.
- The Government regulations regarding cigarette product The Government plays significant roles in supporting the sustainability of the cigarette industry. Therefore the industry should pay attention toward the regulations related to the restriction in doing the cigarette business especially in term of doing marketing communication campaign.
- The key success factor for the Community Building strategy Understanding the interests of the young segment for examples the social gathering activities, the party activities, the competition, music and art performances, etc is the key success factor for this strategy to create brand loyalty
- The key success factor for the Advertising Theme Strategy Selecting the current social issues for examples the corruption, the power distance, the commercialization of education, etc as the main advertising theme is key success factor for this strategy to create brand awareness.
- The key success factor for the Sport Sponsorship Strategy. Each approach strategy has its own success factors that might be different from one strategy to another. Changing the negative perception of the society about the danger of cigarette product toward the health by supporting sports activities is the key success factor for this strategy to against the bad image of cigarette products.
- The key success factor for the Corporate Social Responsibility Strategy Contributing to the development of the society welfare through the education, health, and working opportunities is the key success factor for this strategy to build the positive corporate brand image.
- The key success factor for the Moslem Community Approach strategy Approaching the Moslem community by supporting the religion activities and programs will influence the decision of Moslem leaders in responding to the cigarettes issues is the key success factor for this strategy to create brand trust

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